UW Islet Tx Research Program Version: 1/24/05

Animal Islet Isolation Protocol

Materials Inventory and Preparation Instructions

Surgical Instrument and Digestion Apparatus Pack

| Item | Quantity | Check |
|--|----------|-------|
| Nalgene PP bin | 1 | |
| Medium SS tray | 1 | |
| Small SS tray w/lid | 1 | |
| Hammer SS | 1 | |
| Metzenbaum scissors blunt | 1 | |
| Metzenbaum scissors sharp | 1 | |
| Gemini clamp | 1 | |
| Mayo scissors | 1 | |
| Classic Crile forceps | 2 | |
| Delicate Crile forceps straight | 3 | |
| Delicate Crile forceps curved | 4 | |
| Dressing forceps | 2 | |
| Children's dressing forceps | 1 | |
| Ricordi chamber (250 ml) | 1 | |
| SS screen 381 um | 1 | |
| SS screen 450 um | 1 | |
| Silicon nitride ¹ /2" balls | 7 | |
| Heating coil | 1 | |
| 100 ml wide mouth graduate | 1 | |
| 1 L Erlenmyer flasks | 2 | |
| Surgical gauze in a steilization pouch | 1 | |
| Digestion circuit L/S 16 | 1 | |
| Digestion circuit L/S 17 | 1 | |
| Thermometer clamps | 4 | |
| Three prong fixed clamps | 3 | |
| Three prong adjustable clamp | 1 | |
| | | |

Preparation of Surgical Instruments and Digestion Apparatus

- 1) Wipe down the counter with IPA.
- 2) Place two layers of surgical wrapping on the counter.
- 3) Place the autoclave tray (or PP bin) on the wrapping on the counter.
- 4) Place the stainless steel pans inside the autoclave tray (or PP bin).
- 5) Place the surgical instruments inside the instrument tray, cover, and place in the autoclave tray.
- 6) Place the Ricordi digestion chamber with screen and 5 marbles, stand, and heating coil in the autoclave tray.
- 7) Place 20 pieces of 4"x4" gauze in an autoclave pouch, seal, and place in the autoclave tray.
- 8) Aluminum foil wrap the top of a 100 ml wide-mouth graduated cylinders and place in the autoclave tray.
- 9) Aluminum foil wrap the top of one 1 L Erlenmeyer flask and one 400 ml Pyrex beaker and place in the autoclave tray.
- 10) Cut the L/S 16 tubing into the following sizes (2 x 4.5 in, 1 x 11.5 in, 1 x 10 in, 1 x 20 in, 1 x 50 in, 1 x 65.0 in). Following the diagrams shown below, connect tubing to the Y and T connectors, place pinch clamps, place cable ties on all connections, and place tubing set into a sterilization pouch; seal and label the pouch and place in the autoclave tray.
- 11) Cut the L/S 17 tubing into the following sizes (1 x 5 in, 1 x 11.0 in, 1 x 26 in, 1 x 42.0 in). Following the diagrams shown below, connect tubing to the 3-way stopcock and Tconnector, place cable ties on all connections and place into a sterilization pouch; seal and label the pouch and place in the autoclave tray.
- 12) Place three fixed 3-prong ring clamps, 1 adjustable 3-prong clamp, and 4 thermometer clamps in the autoclave tray.
- 13) Place a cleaned media collection bell and tubing adaptor in an autoclave pouch, seal, and place in the autoclave tray.
- 14) Wrap the autoclave tray as for a sterile surgical instrument pack.
- 15) Tape the outside of the package with autoclave indicator tape and label with contents, date, and name.
- 16) Sterilize the surgical instrument pack by autoclave using a PreVac cycle at 121^oC for 20-30 minutes.
- 17) Store the complete/sealed Bin in room G24A.



Disposables Pack

| Item | Quantity | Check |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Disposable scalpel | 1 | |
| Monotherm temp probe | 4 | |
| Monotherm temp cables | 2 | |
| 2.0 Suture | 1 | |
| 3 Way stopcock | 1 | |
| 5 cc syringe | 2 | |
| 10 cc syringe | 2 | |
| 60 cc syringe | 4 | |
| 18 ga Angiocath | 2 | |
| 20 ga Angiocath | 2 | |
| 24 ga Angiocath | 2 | |
| 18 ga Needle | 5 | |
| 20 ga Needle | 5 | |
| Petri dishes 10 x 35 | 1 sleeve | |
| Petri dishes 10 x 35 w/grid | 1 sleeve | |
| Petri dishes 100 mm | 1 sleeve | |
| Tissue culture plate, 12 well | 1 pack | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Islet Purification Pack

| Item | Quantity | Check |
|--|----------|-------|
| Classic Crile forceps straight (on Cobe) | 5 | |
| Blood processing bags | 2 | |
| COBE couplers | 2 | |
| 60 cc syringe | 2 | |
| Fenwal Transfer bag 600 ml | 2 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Reagents

| Item | Quantity | Check |
|--|----------|-------|
| 2 % FBS in HBSS (Flushing solution) | 1 L | |
| 2.5% FBS in UW (Islet suspension/wash soln.) | 1 L | |
| 2.5% FBS in RPMI (Dilution solution) | 5 L | |
| CMRL 1066 w/10% FBS (Islet culture) | 1 L | |
| 1x HBSS | 1 L | |
| Decontamination soln 1 | | |
| Decontamination soln 2 | | |
| Decontamination soln 3 | | |
| Biocoll BL (130 ml) | 1 | |
| Biocoll CL 1 (130 ml) | 1 | |
| Biocoll CL 2 (140 ml) | 1 | |
| Krebs buffer (static incubation) | 1 L | |
| FDA stock | 1 | |
| PI stock | 1 | |
| DPBS | 1 L | |
| Dithizone soln | 50 ml | |
| 1x PBS sheath buffer | 25 L | |
| Euro-Ficoll 1.037 | 75 ml | |
| Euro-Ficoll 1.096 | 75 ml | |
| Euro-Ficoll 1.108 | 75 ml | |
| | | |

Complete directions for media preparation can be found in UW03 ISL-SOP-002.

Islet Isolation Procedure

- 1. Adult Beagle or Rhesus surgically euthanized with pancreas perfused *in situ* with cold UW solution.
- 2. Pancreas is stored in 250 ml of ice-cold UW solution and transported directly to the islet isolation lab.
- 3. Islets are isolated using a modified version of the Miami Diabetes Research Institute protocol for canine islet isolation.
 - Pancreas cannulated and then distended and digested with Liberase CI in 1x HBSS (Canine [0.25 g], Rhesus [0.125 g] /500 ml total vol.) in a Ricrodi digestion chamber and recirculation circuit at 37°C for up to 30 minutes.
 - b. Monitor digest progression by taking samples, staining with dithizone solution and observing with the inverted microscope.
 - c. Dilution of pancreas digest is accomplished with 6-7 L of 10% RPMI and collection is directly into 500 ml conical centrifuge tubes containing 30 ml of 2.5% FBS in RPMI.
 - d. Digest is pelleted by centrifugation at 1000 rpm for 2 minutes at 4° C.
 - e. After the spin, the supernatants are poured into a waste beaker or aspirated into the waste flask. The pellets are gently resuspended and combined into a separate 500 ml conical tube, which is stored on ice until all of the collected digest has been centrifuged.
 - f. The final collected digest is washed in 2.5% FBS in UW solution and pelleted by centrifugation at 1000 rpm for 2 minutes at 4°C.
 - g. The supernatant is discarded and the pellet is resuspended in 2.5% FBS in UW solution according to the packed tissue volume.
 - i. 15 20 ml of tissue bring to 100 ml with 2.5% FBS in UW and run gradient on the COBE.
 - ii. 30 50 ml of tissue bring to 200 ml with 2.5% in UW and run two gradients on the COBE.
 - h. Refer to UW03 ISL-CP for gradient loading and COBE centrifugation instructions.
 - i. After 2-3 minutes of centrifugation at 2000 RPM collect 17, 30 ml fractions into 50 ml conical centrifuge tubes (DO NOT STOP THE COBE).
 - j. Take $100 \ \mu$ l samples of each fraction, transfer to a $10 \ x \ 35 \ mm$ counting dish containing a small quantity of PBS, stain with dithizone, and observe with the inverted microscope for islets.
 - k. Determine islet purity, and yield in IEQ manually. Data are recorded on the Data Summary Sheet.

Modified Islet Purification Method – Discontinuous Gradient Centrifugation

- **1.** Pancreas digest is washed in Eurocollins solution.
- **2.** Digest is resuspended in 1.108 g/ml Euro-Ficoll gradient at a ratio of 1:11 (tissue: Ficoll) and 12 mL is aliquoted per 50 ml conical centrifuge tubes.
- **3.** Ten mL of 1.096 g/ml and ten ml of 1.037 g/ml Euro-Ficoll are then added to each discontinuous gradient.
- 4. The gradients are centrifuged at 900 xg for 12 15 minutes and the islets collected at the interfaces.
- 5. Purified islets are washed in CMRL culture media, pooled, and counted.

| 10 mL |
|-----------------|
| 1.037 g/mL EF |
| 10 mL |
| 1.096 g/mL EF |
| 12 mL |
| Islets in 1.108 |
| g/ml EF |