Project Echo for Pediatric Care 2018-2020 Autism in Emergency Care: Preparing for success April 18, 2019 Hayley Crain, PsyD and Jill Markus, RN

Provided by the University of Wisconsin–Madison Interprofessional Continuing Education Partnership (ICEP)

Intended Audience:

Pediatric emergency care professionals

Objectives:

As a result of this educational regularly scheduled series, learners will be able to:

- 1. Utilize new skills and guidelines determined to be safe for children when accessing pediatric trauma.
- 2. Identify proper tools and standardized practices in order to improve the diagnosis and treatment of pediatric patients.
- 3. Define roles and responsibilities of team members who triage pediatric emergencies in order to identify communication strategies that result in effective patient care.

Policy on Disclosure

It is the policy of the University of Wisconsin-Madison ICEP that the faculty, authors, planners, and other persons who may influence content of this CE activity disclose all relevant financial relationships with commercial interests* in order to allow CE staff to identify and resolve any potential conflicts of interest. Faculty must also disclose any planned discussions of unlabeled/unapproved uses of drugs or devices during their presentation(s). For this educational activity, all conflicts of interest have been resolved and detailed disclosures are listed below.

The University of Wisconsin-Madison ICEP defines a commercial interest as any entity producing, marketing, re-selling, or distributing health care goods or services consumed by, or used on, patients The University of Wisconsin-Madison ICEP does not consider providers of clinical service directly to patients to be commercial interests.

Name/Role	Financial Relationship Disclosures	Discussion of Unlabeled/Unapproved uses of drugs/devices in presentation?
Jonathan Kohler, MD Presenter, Chair	No relevant financial relationships to disclose	No
Veronica Watson Coordinator	No relevant financial relationships to disclose	No
Randi Cartmill, Coordinator	No relevant financial relationships to disclose	No
Benjamin Eithun, MSN, RN, Coordinator	No relevant financial relationships to disclose	No
Kim Sprecker, OCPD Staff	No relevant financial relationships to disclose	No
Hayley Crain, PsyD, Presenter	No relevant financial relationships to disclose	No
Jill Markus, RN, Presenter	No relevant financial relationships to disclose	No

Accreditation Statement



In support of improving patient care, the University of Wisconsin–Madison ICEP is jointly accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME), the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE), and the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC) to provide continuing education for the healthcare team.

Credit Designation Statements

American Medical Association (AMA)

The University of Wisconsin-Madison ICEP designates this live activity for maximum of 1.0 AMA PRA Category 1 CreditsTM. Physicians should claim only the credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.

American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC)

The University of Wisconsin-Madison ICEP designates this live activity for a maximum of 1.0 ANCC contact hours. The University of Wisconsin-Madison School of Nursing is Iowa Board of Nursing provider 350. Continuing Education Units (CEUs)

The University of Wisconsin–Madison ICEP, as a member of the University Professional & Continuing Education Association (UPCEA), authorizes this program for 0.1 CEUs or 1 hours.

Claiming credit

Follow the instructions below, and contact us at projectecho@surgery.wisc.edu with any questions.

1. Create account with the UW Interprofessional Continuing Education Partnership <u>https://ce.icep.wisc.edu</u>

2. During the live presentation, and in the follow-up email, you will be provided a code. Text that code to a number we provide you, using a cell phone associated with your account.

Text **KOHPEH** to 608-260-7097

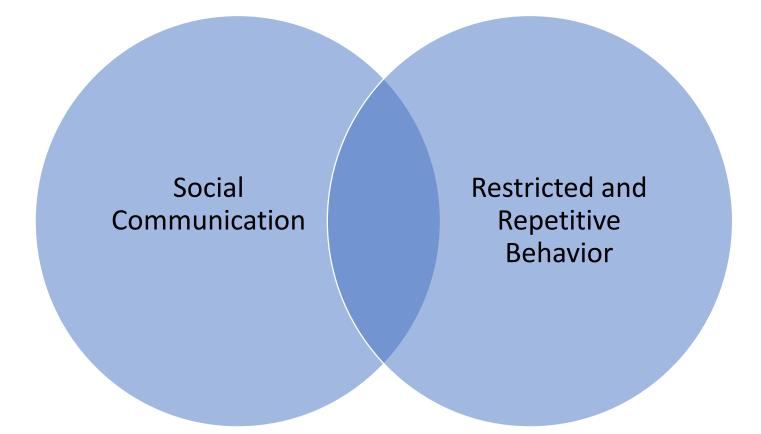
(save this number as **ECHO Credit**, it will never change)

3. All done!! Log onto ICEP to view or print your credit letter.

Polling Questions

(DSM-5) Current conceptualization

One diagnosis: <u>Autism Spectrum Disorder</u>



DSM – 5: Diagnostic Overview



Social communication & social interaction deficits



Restricted, repetitive patterns of behavior, interests, or activities



Symptoms in early developmental period



Clinically significant impairment



Not better explained by intellectual ability

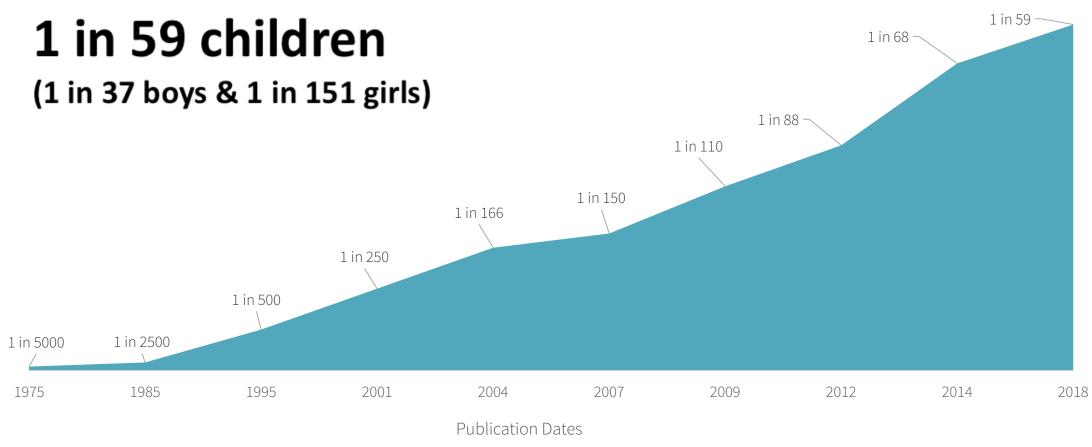


DSM – 5: Diagnostic

<u>Two Core Domains</u>

- A. Deficits in social communication and social interaction (all 3 areas)
 - 1. Social emotional reciprocity
 - 2. Nonverbal communication
 - 3. Developing, maintaining and understanding relationships
- B. Presence of restricted and repetitive patterns of behavior (RRBs) (2)
 - 1. Stereotyped or repetitive motor movements
 - 2. Insistence on sameness, routines and rituals
 - 3. Highly restricted, fixated patterns of interest
 - 4. Hyper-or hypo-reactivity to sensory input or unusual interest in sensory aspects of the environment

ASD Prevalence



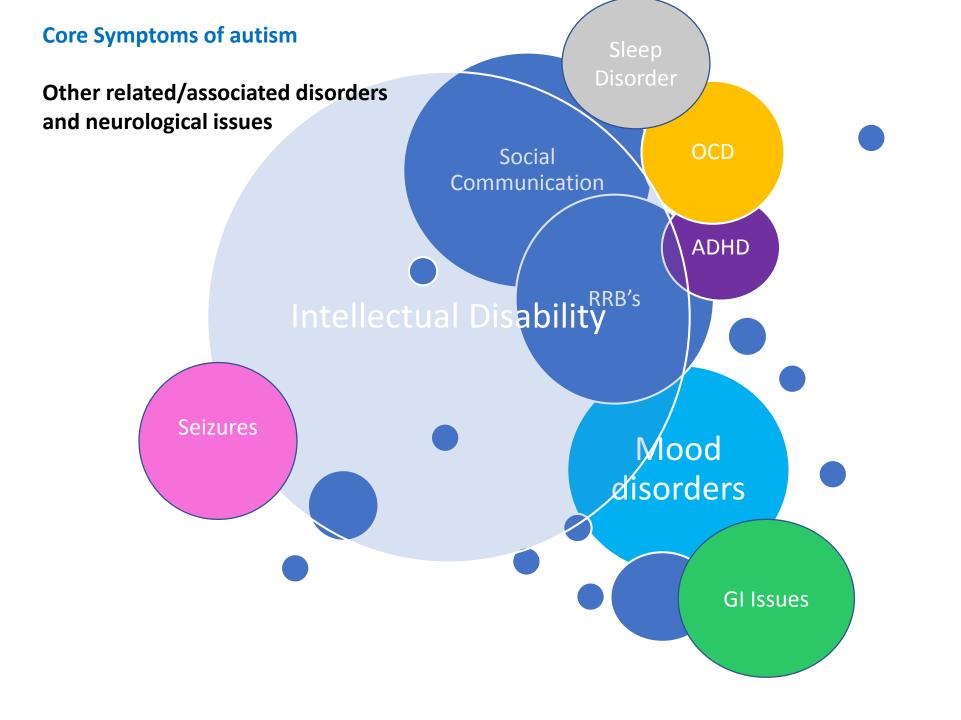
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2018



It's a spectrum!

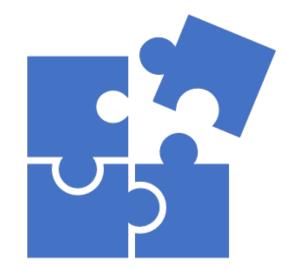
ASD can present differently in different groups

- Age
 - Toddler vs. school age, vs. adult
 - ASD can look different in the same person across ages
- Developmental level
 - (e.g., IQ, mental age)
- Sex
- Ethnicity/Cultural Differences



Case Presentation

- 11 year old female with the following diagnoses
 - Autism spectrum disorder
 - Anxiety
 - Disruptive behavior disorder
 - Depressive disorder
 - IQ = 85
 - Verbal abilities
 - Phrase speech 3 to 4 word utterances
 - Challenges with receptive language skills



Concerns

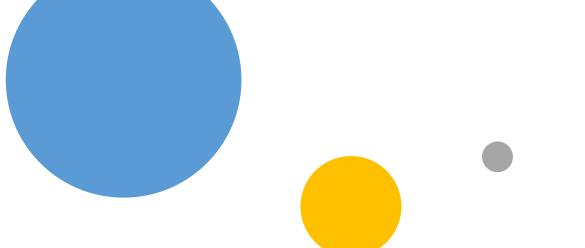
Mother calls to report

- Patient is "extremely edgy"
- Patient is described as rigid and "snappy" with more irritability
- Crying and unable to control emotions
- Mother believes patient acts this way when she needs a medication increase and would like medications adjusted before symptoms worsen

Other Factors

- No change in appetite
- Sleeping more
- Urine accidents 1-2 times daily
- School has noticed a negative change in mood

Discussion



STRATEGIES & RESOURCES

Preparing for a successful interaction

- It maybe helpful to explore the following:
 - How does the patient communicate?
 - Assess for baseline behaviors
 - Behaviors when child is triggered
 - Strategies that caregivers feel are helpful for:
 - Prevention
 - De-escalation
 - What supports would be helpful to the staff/clinicians involved in the visit?

May consider the following:

Child Life Specialist

Modify environment (i.e., Dim lights)

Modify check in and wait time

Tell - show - do

Visual aids

1 up rule - language

Distraction

Behavior strategies

Warm handoffs

Staff Prep/Training

Questions?